

# C QUICK REFERENCE

Syntax, pointers, memory management, standard library essentials

<b>Basics</b>	
<b>Hello World</b>	
<pre>#include &lt;stdio.h&gt; int main(void) {     printf("Hello, World!\n");     return 0; }</pre>	
<b>Compile &amp; Run</b>	
<pre>gcc -o app main.c           # compile gcc -Wall -Wextra -std=c17 main.c # strict ./app                       # run</pre>	
<b>Comments</b>	
<pre>// single-line comment (C99+) /* multi-line    comment */</pre>	
<b>Data Types</b>	
<b>Primitive Types</b>	
<b>char</b>	1 byte, character or small integer
<b>short</b>	At least 16 bits
<b>int</b>	At least 16 bits (typically 32)
<b>long</b>	At least 32 bits
<b>long long</b>	At least 64 bits (C99+)
<b>float</b>	32-bit IEEE-754
<b>double</b>	64-bit IEEE-754
<b>_Bool / bool</b>	0 or 1 (use <code>&lt;stdbool.h&gt;</code> for <code>bool</code> )
<b>Fixed-Width Types (stdint.h)</b>	
<b>int8_t, uint8_t</b>	Exact 8-bit signed / unsigned
<b>int16_t, uint16_t</b>	Exact 16-bit
<b>int32_t, uint32_t</b>	Exact 32-bit
<b>int64_t, uint64_t</b>	Exact 64-bit
<b>size_t</b>	Unsigned, result of <code>sizeof</code>
<b>Type Casting</b>	
<pre>int i = (int)3.14;           // explicit cast double d = (double)5 / 2;   // 2.5, not 2 char c = (char)65;         // 'A'</pre>	
<b>Control Flow</b>	
<b>If / Else</b>	
<pre>if (x &gt; 0) { printf("positive\n"); } else if (x == 0) { printf("zero\n"); } else { printf("negative\n"); }</pre>	
<b>Switch</b>	
<pre>switch (choice) {     case 1: printf("one\n"); break;     case 2: printf("two\n"); break;     default: printf("other\n"); }</pre>	
<b>Loops</b>	
<pre>for (int i = 0; i &lt; 10; i++) { } while (condition) { } do { } while (condition);</pre>	
<b>Jump Statements</b>	
<b>break</b>	Exit innermost loop or switch
<b>continue</b>	Skip to next iteration
<b>return</b>	Exit function with optional value
<b>goto label</b>	Jump to label (use sparingly)
<b>Functions</b>	
<b>Declaration &amp; Definition</b>	
<pre>int add(int a, int b);           // prototype int add(int a, int b) {     return a + b; }</pre>	
<b>Function Pointers</b>	
<pre>int (*op)(int, int) = add; int result = op(3, 4);           // calls add(3, 4) typedef int (*MathFn)(int, int); MathFn fn = add;</pre>	
<b>Static Functions</b>	
<pre>// visible only within this translation unit static int helper(int x) {     return x * 2; }</pre>	
<b>Pointers</b>	
<b>Pointer Basics</b>	
<pre>int x = 42; int *p = &amp;x;                    // p points to x printf("%d\n", *p);             // dereference: 42 *p = 100;                       // x is now 100</pre>	
<b>Pointer Arithmetic</b>	
<pre>int arr[] = {10, 20, 30}; int *p = arr; printf("%d\n", *(p + 1));       // 20 printf("%d\n", p[2]);           // 30 (same as *(p+2))</pre>	
<b>Common Pointer Patterns</b>	
<b>int *p = NULL</b>	Null pointer (always initialize)
<b>void *</b>	Generic pointer (must cast to use)
<b>const int *p</b>	Pointer to constant (cannot modify value)
<b>int *const p</b>	Constant pointer (cannot reassign pointer)
<b>int **pp</b>	Pointer to pointer (double indirection)
<b>Arrays &amp; Strings</b>	
<b>Arrays</b>	
<pre>int nums[5] = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5}; int matrix[2][3] = {{1,2,3}, {4,5,6}}; int len = sizeof(nums) / sizeof(nums[0]);</pre>	
<b>String Functions (string.h)</b>	
<b>strlen(s)</b>	Length (excluding null terminator)
<b>strcpy(dst, src)</b>	Copy string (unsafe, prefer <code>strncpy</code> )
<b>strncpy(dst, src, n)</b>	Copy at most n characters
<b>strcat(dst, src)</b>	Concatenate strings
<b>strcmp(a, b)</b>	Compare: 0 if equal, <0 or >0 otherwise
<b>strchr(s, c)</b>	Find first occurrence of character
<b>strstr(haystack, needle)</b>	Find substring
<b>String Literals</b>	
<pre>char greeting[] = "hello";      // mutable array const char *msg = "world";     // pointer to literal char buf[64]; snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf), "%s %s", greeting, msg);</pre>	
<b>Structs</b>	
<b>Definition &amp; Usage</b>	
<pre>struct Point { double x; double y; }; struct Point p = {1.0, 2.0}; printf("(%g, %g)\n", p.x, p.y);</pre>	
<b>typedef</b>	
<pre>typedef struct {     char name[50];     int age; } Person; Person p = {"Alice", 30};</pre>	
<b>Struct Pointers</b>	
<pre>void set_age(Person *p, int age) {     p-&gt;age = age;                // arrow operator }</pre>	
<b>Enums &amp; Unions</b>	
<pre>enum Color { RED, GREEN, BLUE }; union Data { int i; float f; char c; }; // union members share the same memory</pre>	
<b>Memory Management</b>	
<b>Dynamic Allocation (stdlib.h)</b>	
<pre>int *arr = malloc(10 * sizeof(int)); if (arr == NULL) { /* handle error */ } arr = realloc(arr, 20 * sizeof(int)); free(arr); arr = NULL;                    // avoid dangling pointer</pre>	
<b>Allocation Functions</b>	
<b>malloc(size)</b>	Allocate uninitialized memory
<b>calloc(count, size)</b>	Allocate and zero-initialize
<b>realloc(ptr, size)</b>	Resize previously allocated block
<b>free(ptr)</b>	Release allocated memory
<b>Common Pitfalls</b>	
<b>Memory leak</b>	Forgetting to <code>free()</code> allocated memory
<b>Double free</b>	Calling <code>free()</code> on same pointer twice
<b>Dangling pointer</b>	Using pointer after <code>free()</code> — set to <code>NULL</code>
<b>Buffer overflow</b>	Writing past allocated bounds
<b>File/I/O</b>	
<b>Reading Files</b>	
<pre>FILE *f = fopen("data.txt", "r"); if (!f) { perror("open"); return 1; } char line[256]; while (fgets(line, sizeof(line), f)) printf("%s", line); fclose(f);</pre>	
<b>Writing to Files</b>	
<pre>FILE *f = fopen("out.txt", "w"); fprintf(f, "value: %d\n", 42); fputs("hello\n", f); fclose(f);</pre>	
<b>File Modes</b>	
<b>"r"</b>	Read (file must exist)
<b>"w"</b>	Write (truncates or creates)
<b>"a"</b>	Append (creates if needed)
<b>"rb"</b> , <b>"wb"</b>	Binary read / write
<b>"r+"</b>	Read and write (file must exist)
<b>Preprocessor</b>	
<b>Directives</b>	
<pre>#include &lt;stdio.h&gt;             // system header #include "myheader.h"          // local header #define PI 3.14159 #define MAX(a, b) ((a) &gt; (b) ? (a) : (b))</pre>	
<b>Conditional Compilation</b>	
<pre>#ifdef DEBUG     printf("debug: x = %d\n", x); #endif #ifdef HEADER_H /* include guard */ #define HEADER_H /* ... */ #endif</pre>	
<b>Common Macros</b>	
<b>__FILE__</b>	Current source file name
<b>__LINE__</b>	Current line number
<b>__func__</b>	Current function name (C99+)
<b>__DATE__</b>	Compilation date string
<b>NULL</b>	Null pointer constant
<b>sizeof(x)</b>	Size of type or variable in bytes