

# FastAPI Quick Reference

Path operations, validation, dependencies, auth, testing

## Setup

### Minimal App

```
from fastapi import FastAPI
app = FastAPI()

@app.get("/")
async def root():
    return {"message": "Hello, World!"}
```

### Run the App

```
pip install "fastapi[standard]"
fastapi dev main.py # dev with auto-reload
fastapi run main.py # production
```

### Key Features

<b>Async native</b>	async/await with ASGI (Uvicorn)
<b>Auto docs</b>	Swagger UI at <b>/docs</b> , ReDoc at <b>/redoc</b>
<b>Type validation</b>	Pydantic models for request/response
<b>OpenAPI</b>	Auto-generated OpenAPI schema
<b>Dependency injection</b>	Built-in DI system

## Path Operations

### HTTP Methods

```
@app.get("/items")
@app.post("/items")
@app.put("/items/{item_id}")
@app.patch("/items/{item_id}")
@app.delete("/items/{item_id}")
```

### Path Parameters

```
@app.get("/users/{user_id}")
async def get_user(user_id: int):
    return {"user_id": user_id}

# Enum constraint
from enum import Enum
class Color(str, Enum):
    red = "red"
    blue = "blue"
```

### Status Codes & Tags

```
from fastapi import status

@app.post("/items", status_code=status.HTTP_201_CREATED,
         tags=["items"])
async def create_item(item: Item):
    return item
```

## Request Body

### Pydantic Models

```
from pydantic import BaseModel, Field

class Item(BaseModel):
    name: str
    price: float = Field(gt=0, description="Must be positive")
    tags: list[str] = []
```

### Nested Models

```
class Address(BaseModel):
    street: str
    city: str
    zip_code: str

class User(BaseModel):
    name: str
    address: Address
```

### Use in Endpoint

```
@app.post("/items")
async def create_item(item: Item):
    return {"name": item.name, "price": item.price}
```

### Validation Features

<b>Field(gt=0)</b>	Greater than 0
<b>Field(min_length=1)</b>	Minimum string length
<b>Field(max_length=100)</b>	Maximum string length
<b>Field(pattern='^[a-z]+\$')</b>	Regex pattern match
<b>Field(default=None)</b>	Optional with default
<b>EmailStr</b>	Email validation (pydantic[email])

## Query Parameters

### Basic Query Params

```
@app.get("/items")
async def list_items(skip: int = 0, limit: int = 10):
    return items[skip : skip + limit]
# GET /items?skip=0&limit=20
```

### Query Validation

```
from fastapi import Query

@app.get("/search")
async def search(
    q: str = Query(min_length=3, max_length=50),
    page: int = Query(default=1, ge=1),
):
    return {"q": q, "page": page}
```

### Optional & Required

```
async def read_items(
    q: str | None = None, # optional
    name: str = ..., # required (Ellipsis)
    tags: list[str] = Query(default=[]),
):
    return {"q": q, "name": name}
```

### Headers & Cookies

```
from fastapi import Header, Cookie

async def read(
    user_agent: str | None = Header(default=None),
    session_id: str | None = Cookie(default=None),
):
    return {"ua": user_agent}
```

## Response Models

### Response Model

```
class ItemOut(BaseModel):
    name: str
    price: float

@app.get("/items/{id}", response_model=ItemOut)
async def get_item(id: int):
    return items[id] # filters out extra fields
```

### Multiple Response Types

```
from fastapi.responses import JSONResponse, HTMLResponse

@app.get("/html", response_class=HTMLResponse)
async def get_html():
    return "<h1>Hello</h1>"
```

### Response Model Options

<b>response_model</b>	Pydantic model for output filtering
<b>response_model_exclude_unset</b>	Omit fields not explicitly set
<b>response_model_include</b>	Whitelist specific fields
<b>response_model_exclude</b>	Blacklist specific fields

### Error Responses

```
from fastapi import HTTPException

@app.get("/items/{id}")
async def get_item(id: int):
    if id not in items:
        raise HTTPException(status_code=404, detail="Not found")
    return items[id]
```

## Dependencies

### Function Dependency

```
from fastapi import Depends

async def get_db():
    db = SessionLocal()
    try:
        yield db
    finally:
        db.close()
```

### Use in Endpoint

```
@app.get("/users")
async def list_users(db: Session = Depends(get_db)):
    return db.query(User).all()
```

### Class-Based Dependencies

```
class Pagination:
    def __init__(self, skip: int = 0, limit: int = 10):
        self.skip = skip
        self.limit = limit

@app.get("/items")
async def list_items(pg: Pagination = Depends()):
    return items[pg.skip : pg.skip + pg.limit]
```

### Dependency Scopes

<b>Depends (func)</b>	Per-endpoint dependency
<b>app = FastAPI(dependencies=[...])</b>	Global dependency for all routes
<b>APIRouter(dependencies=[...])</b>	Router-level dependency
<b>yield</b>	Setup/teardown (DB sessions, locks)

## Authentication

### OAuth2 Password Bearer

```
from fastapi.security import OAuth2PasswordBearer

oauth2_scheme = OAuth2PasswordBearer(tokenUrl="token")

@app.get("/users/me")
async def read_me(token: str = Depends(oauth2_scheme)):
    user = decode_token(token)
    return user
```

# FastAPI Quick Reference

## JWT Token Flow

```
from jose import jwt
SECRET = "your-secret-key"

def create_token(data: dict):
    return jwt.encode(data, SECRET, algorithm="HS256")

def decode_token(token: str):
    return jwt.decode(token, SECRET, algorithms=["HS256"])
```

## Token Endpoint

```
from fastapi.security import OAuth2PasswordRequestForm

@app.post("/token")
async def login(form: OAuth2PasswordRequestForm = Depends()):
    user = authenticate(form.username, form.password)
    if not user:
        raise HTTPException(status_code=401)
    return {"access_token": create_token({"sub": user.id})}
```

## Security Schemes

<b>OAuth2PasswordBearer</b>	Bearer token via form login
<b>HTTPBasic</b>	Basic username/password auth
<b>APIKeyHeader</b>	API key in header
<b>APIKeyCookie</b>	API key in cookie

## Background Tasks

### Simple Background Task

```
from fastapi import BackgroundTasks

def send_email(to: str, body: str):
    # slow operation runs after response
    email_client.send(to, body)

@app.post("/notify")
async def notify(bg: BackgroundTasks):
    bg.add_task(send_email, "user@example.com", "Hello!")
    return {"status": "queued"}
```

## Dependency with Background

```
async def log_request(bg: BackgroundTasks):
    bg.add_task(write_log, "request received")

@app.get("/items", dependencies=[Depends(log_request)])
async def list_items():
    return items
```

## Background vs Workers

<b>BackgroundTasks</b>	Light tasks after response (emails, logs)
<b>Celery / ARQ</b>	Heavy tasks needing separate workers
<b>asyncio.create_task</b>	Fire-and-forget async coroutines

## Middleware

### Custom Middleware

```
import time
from starlette.middleware.base import BaseHTTPMiddleware

class TimingMiddleware(BaseHTTPMiddleware):
    async def dispatch(self, request, call_next):
        start = time.time()
        response = await call_next(request)
        duration = time.time() - start
        response.headers["X-Process-Time"] = str(duration)
        return response
```

## Add Middleware

```
app.add_middleware(TimingMiddleware)
```

## CORS

```
from fastapi.middleware.cors import CORSMiddleware

app.add_middleware(
    CORSMiddleware,
    allow_origins=["https://example.com"],
    allow_methods=["*"],
    allow_headers=["*"],
)
```

## Built-in Middleware

<b>CORSMiddleware</b>	Cross-origin resource sharing
<b>TrustedHostMiddleware</b>	Restrict allowed hostnames
<b>GZipMiddleware</b>	Gzip response compression
<b>HTTPSRedirectMiddleware</b>	Redirect HTTP to HTTPS

## Testing

### Test Client

```
from fastapi.testclient import TestClient

client = TestClient(app)

def test_read_root():
    resp = client.get("/")
    assert resp.status_code == 200
    assert resp.json() == {"message": "Hello, World!"}
```

### Test POST

```
def test_create_item():
    resp = client.post("/items", json={
        "name": "Widget",
        "price": 9.99,
    })
    assert resp.status_code == 201
    assert resp.json()["name"] == "Widget"
```

## Override Dependencies

```
async def mock_db():
    return FakeDB()

app.dependency_overrides[get_db] = mock_db

def test_with_mock_db():
    resp = client.get("/users")
    assert resp.status_code == 200
```

## Async Testing

```
import pytest
from httpx import AsyncClient, ASGITransport

@pytest.mark.anyio
async def test_async():
    transport = ASGITransport(app=app)
    async with AsyncClient(transport=transport) as ac:
        resp = await ac.get("/")
        assert resp.status_code == 200
```