

# JSON Quick Reference

Syntax, data types, objects, arrays, jq

## Syntax

### Rules

<b>{ }</b>	Object (unordered key-value pairs)
<b>[ ]</b>	Array (ordered list of values)
<b>"key": value</b>	Keys must be double-quoted strings
<b>No trailing comma</b>	Last item must not have a comma
<b>No comments</b>	JSON does not allow comments

### Minimal Example

```
{
  "name": "Alice",
  "age": 30,
  "active": true
}
```

## Data Types

### Six Value Types

<b>"string"</b>	Double-quoted UTF-8 text
<b>42 / 3.14</b>	Number (integer or floating point)
<b>true / false</b>	Boolean
<b>null</b>	Null (absence of value)
<b>{ }</b>	Object
<b>[ ]</b>	Array

### String Escape Sequences

<b>\"</b>	Double quote
<b>\\</b>	Backslash
<b>\n \t</b>	Newline, tab
<b>\uXXXX</b>	Unicode escape (hex)

## Objects

### Object Syntax

```
{
  "id": 1,
  "name": "Widget",
  "tags": ["new", "sale"]
}
```

### Rules

<b>Keys</b>	Must be unique double-quoted strings
<b>Values</b>	Any valid JSON type
<b>Order</b>	Key order is not guaranteed
<b>Nesting</b>	Objects can contain objects

## Arrays

### Array Syntax

```
[1, "two", true, null, {"key": "val"}]
```

### Mixed Type Array

```
{
  "matrix": [[1, 2], [3, 4]],
  "empty": []
}
```

### Rules

<b>Ordered</b>	Elements maintain insertion order
<b>Mixed types</b>	Array items can be different types
<b>Indexing</b>	Zero-based (in most languages)

## Nesting

### Nested Structure

```
{
  "user": {
    "name": "Alice",
    "address": { "city": "Boston" },
    "scores": [95, 88, 72]
  }
}
```

### Access Patterns

<b>obj.user.name</b>	Dot notation (JavaScript)
<b>obj["user"]["name"]</b>	Bracket notation
<b>obj.user.scores[0]</b>	Array index within nested object

## Schema Validation

### JSON Schema Example

```
{
  "type": "object",
  "properties": {
    "name": { "type": "string" },
    "age": { "type": "integer", "minimum": 0 }
  },
  "required": ["name"]
}
```

### Schema Keywords

<b>type</b>	string, number, integer, boolean, object, array, null
<b>required</b>	Array of required property names
<b>properties</b>	Defines expected object properties
<b>enum</b>	Restrict to a fixed set of values
<b>minLength / maxLength</b>	String length constraints
<b>minimum / maximum</b>	Number range constraints

## jq Basics

### Common Filters

<b>.</b>	Identity — pass input through
<b>.key</b>	Access object key
<b>.key.nested</b>	Access nested key
<b>.[0]</b>	First array element
<b>.[ ]</b>	Iterate all array elements
<b>select(.age &gt; 20)</b>	Filter by condition
<b>map(.name)</b>	Transform each element
<b>length</b>	Array length or string length
<b>keys</b>	Object keys as array

### jq Examples

```
echo '{"a":1}' | jq '.a' # 1
echo '[1,2,3]' | jq 'map(. * 2)' # [2,4,6]
cat data.json | jq '.users[].name'
cat data.json | jq '.[] | select(.active)'
```

## Common Patterns

### API Response

```
{
  "status": 200,
  "data": [{"id": 1, "name": "Alice"}],
  "meta": {"total": 42, "page": 1}
}
```

## Config File

```
{
  "host": "localhost",
  "port": 8080,
  "debug": false,
  "features": ["auth", "logging"]
}
```

## Tips

<b>Validate</b>	Use jsonlint or python -m json.tool
<b>Pretty print</b>	jq . file.json or python -m json.tool
<b>JSONL</b>	One JSON object per line (newline-delimited)
<b>JSON5 / JSONC</b>	Extensions allowing comments and trailing commas