

PYTHON 3 QUICK REFERENCE

Basics

Variables

```
name = "Alice" # str
age = 20       # int
gpa = 3.85     # float
active = True  # bool
```

Data Types

<code>str</code>	Text: "hello"
<code>int</code>	Integer: 42
<code>float</code>	Decimal: 3.14
<code>bool</code>	True / False
<code>list</code>	Ordered, mutable: [1, 2, 3]
<code>tuple</code>	Ordered, immutable: (1, 2)
<code>dict</code>	Key-value: {"a": 1}
<code>set</code>	Unique items: {1, 2, 3}

Arithmetic

<code>+ - *</code>	Add, subtract, multiply
<code>/</code>	Division (float): 7/2 → 3.5
<code>//</code>	Floor division: 7//2 → 3
<code>%</code>	Modulo: 7%2 → 1
<code>**</code>	Power: 2**3 → 8

Type Conversion

```
int("42") # 42
float("3.14") # 3.14
str(100) # "100"
list("abc") # ['a', 'b', 'c']
```

User Input

```
name = input("Your name? ")
age = int(input("Age? "))
```

Strings

Creating Strings

```
s1 = 'single quotes'
s2 = "double quotes"
s3 = """triple quotes
for multiline"""
```

f-Strings (Python 3.6+)

```
name = "Alice"
f"Hello, {name}!" # Hello, Alice!
f"{2 + 3}" # 5
f"{3.14159:.2f}" # 3.14
f"{1000:,"} # 1,000
```

String Slicing

```
s = "Python"
# Index: 0 1 2 3 4 5
s[0] # 'P'
s[-1] # 'n'
s[2:5] # 'tho'
s[:2] # 'Py'
s[2:] # 'thon'
s[::-1] # 'nohtyP' (reverse)
```

String Methods

<code>len(s)</code>	Length of string
<code>s.upper()</code>	UPPERCASE
<code>s.lower()</code>	lowercase
<code>s.strip()</code>	Remove leading/trailing whitespace
<code>s.split(",")</code>	Split into list
<code>",".join(lst)</code>	Join list into string
<code>s.replace(a, b)</code>	Replace a with b
<code>s.find("x")</code>	Index of first match (-1 if none)
<code>s.startswith(x)</code>	Check prefix → bool
<code>s.endswith(x)</code>	Check suffix → bool
<code>s.count(x)</code>	Count occurrences
<code>"x" in s</code>	Contains check → bool

Lists

Creating & Accessing

```
fruits = ["apple", "banana", "cherry"]
fruits[0] # "apple"
fruits[-1] # "cherry"
fruits[1:3] # ["banana", "cherry"]
```

List Comprehension

```
squares = [x**2 for x in range(5)]
# [0, 1, 4, 9, 16]
evens = [x for x in range(10) if x%2==0]
# [0, 2, 4, 6, 8]
```

List Methods

<code>lst.append(x)</code>	Add to end
<code>lst.extend(lst2)</code>	Add all from lst2
<code>lst.insert(i, x)</code>	Insert at index i
<code>lst.pop()</code>	Remove & return last
<code>lst.pop(i)</code>	Remove & return at i
<code>lst.remove(x)</code>	Remove first x
<code>del lst[i]</code>	Delete by index

<code>lst.sort()</code>	Sort in place
<code>sorted(lst)</code>	Return sorted copy
<code>lst.reverse()</code>	Reverse in place
<code>len(lst)</code>	Number of items
<code>x in lst</code>	Membership check
<code>lst.index(x)</code>	First index of x
<code>lst.count(x)</code>	Count of x

Tuples & Sets

Tuples (Immutable)

```
point = (3, 4)
x, y = point # unpacking
point[0] # 3 (read-only)
```

Sets (Unique Items)

```
s = {1, 2, 3}
s.add(4); s.remove(1)
a & b # intersection
a | b # union
a - b # difference
```

Dictionaries

Creating & Accessing

```
student = {"name": "Alice", "age": 20}
student["name"] # "Alice"
student.get("gpa", 0) # 0 (default)
student["gpa"] = 3.85 # add/update
```

Dict Comprehension

```
sq = {x: x**2 for x in range(5)}
# {0:0, 1:1, 2:4, 3:9, 4:16}
```

Iterating

```
for k, v in student.items():
    print(f"{k}: {v}")
```

Dict Methods

<code>d.keys()</code>	All keys
<code>d.values()</code>	All values
<code>d.items()</code>	All (key, value) pairs
<code>d.get(k, default)</code>	Get with fallback
<code>d.update(d2)</code>	Merge d2 into d
<code>d.pop(k)</code>	Remove & return value
<code>del d[k]</code>	Delete key
<code>"k" in d</code>	Key exists? → bool
<code>len(d)</code>	Number of entries

PYTHON 3 QUICK REFERENCE (continued)

Control Flow

if / elif / else

```
if score >= 90:
    grade = "A"
elif score >= 80:
    grade = "B"
else:
    grade = "C"
```

Ternary Operator

```
status = "pass" if score >= 60 else "fail"
```

Loops

for Loop

```
for fruit in ["apple", "banana"]:
    print(fruit)
```

range()

```
range(5)           # 0, 1, 2, 3, 4
range(2, 5)        # 2, 3, 4
range(0, 10, 2)    # 0, 2, 4, 6, 8
```

while Loop

```
while count < 10:
    count += 1
```

enumerate() & zip()

```
for i, val in enumerate(["a", "b"]):
    print(i, val) # 0 a, 1 b

for a, b in zip([1, 2], ["x", "y"]):
    print(a, b) # 1 x, 2 y
```

break & continue

```
for x in range(10):
    if x == 5: break # stop loop
    if x % 2 == 0: continue # skip
```

Functions

Defining & Calling

```
def greet(name, greeting="Hi"):
    return f"{greeting}, {name}!"

greet("Alice") # "Hi, Alice!"
greet("Bob", "Hello") # "Hello, Bob!"
```

Multiple Return Values

```
def min_max(lst):
    return min(lst), max(lst)
lo, hi = min_max([3, 1, 4, 1, 5])
```

*args & **kwargs

```
def total(*args): # args is a tuple
    return sum(args)
total(1, 2, 3) # 6

def info(**kwargs): # kwargs is a dict
    print(kwargs)
```

Lambda Functions

```
square = lambda x: x**2
square(5) # 25
sorted(lst, key=lambda x: x["age"])
```

Classes

```
class Dog:
    def __init__(self, name, breed):
        self.name = name
        self.breed = breed

    def bark(self):
        return f"{self.name} says Woof!"

dog = Dog("Rex", "Lab")
dog.bark() # "Rex says Woof!"
```

Inheritance

```
class Puppy(Dog):
    def __init__(self, name, breed, toy):
        super().__init__(name, breed)
        self.toy = toy
```

Error Handling

```
try:
    result = 10 / 0
except ZeroDivisionError as e:
    print(f"Error: {e}")
finally:
    print("Always runs")
```

File I/O

Reading Files

```
with open("data.txt") as f:
    content = f.read() # full text

with open("data.txt") as f:
    for line in f: # line by line
        print(line.strip())
```

Writing Files

```
with open("out.txt", "w") as f:
    f.write("Hello\n")
```

"r" = read "w" = write (overwrite) "a" = append

CSV

```
import csv

with open("data.csv") as f:
    reader = csv.DictReader(f)
    for row in reader:
        print(row["name"])

with open("out.csv", "w", newline="") as f:
    writer = csv.writer(f)
    writer.writerow(["name", "age"])
```

JSON

```
import json

data = json.loads('{ "name": "Alice" }') # parse
text = json.dumps(data) # serialize

with open("data.json") as f:
    data = json.load(f) # read file
with open("out.json", "w") as f:
    json.dump(data, f, indent=2) # write file
```

HTTP Requests

```
import requests

# GET
r = requests.get("https://api.example.com/data")
r.status_code # 200
data = r.json() # parse JSON

# POST
r = requests.post(url, json={"key": "val"})
```

pandas Basics

```
import pandas as pd
df = pd.read_csv("data.csv")
df.head() # first 5 rows
df.shape # (rows, cols)
df["name"] # single column
df[df["age"] > 20] # filter rows
```

Useful Built-ins

<code>print()</code>	Output to console
<code>len()</code>	Length / count
<code>type()</code>	Type of object
<code>range()</code>	Sequence of numbers
<code>enumerate()</code>	Index + value pairs
<code>zip()</code>	Pair items from iterables
<code>sorted()</code>	Return sorted copy
<code>sum()</code> <code>min()</code> <code>max()</code>	Aggregate functions

Modules

```
import math
from math import sqrt, pi
import pandas as pd # alias
```